Statement

Funds allocated/released and expenditure incurred under the Centrally-sponsored schemes/programmes during the last three years in Himachal Pradesh

(Rs. in Lakh)

Scheme/Programme	2001-02		2002-03		2003-04	
	Allo./ Rel.	Exp.	Allo./ Rel.	Exp.	Allo./ Rel.	Exp.*
Malaria	2.20	36.78	3.06	11.89	3.47	4.90
TB	183.57	144.91	64.64	91.20	61.03	133.65
Leprosy	49.69	57.14	30.45	42.64	36.15	$
Blindness	64.03	98.78	54.11	38.73	98.22	30.76
AIDS	308.50	276.81	256.50	279.67	270.00	154.63
TOTAL :	607.99	614.42	408.76	464.13	468.87	323.94

*Provisional.

$Expenditure figures have not been received.

Targets achieving by States under Population Control Programme

†568. SHRI KRIPAL PARMAR: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of those States which are achieving the targets of the Population Control Programme sponsored by the Central Government;

(b) whether any aid or incentive is given to these States for achieving the targets set for population control;

(c) if so, the assistance provided to such States during the last three years; and

(d) the names of States which are not achieving the target and the details of action taken against them?

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (d) Since April 1st, 1996 the 'Target Free Approach (TFA)' has been adopted all over India and focus laid on decentralized participatory planning based on a Community Needs Assessment Approach (CNAA). Under this new approach, attention is being paid to enlarging areas to basic and essential family welfare services and ensuring community participation in the implementation of the Family Welfare Programme at the grass-root level. For the country as a whole the achievements under the "National Family Welfare Programme" have been quite substantial. Some States/UTs like Goa, Nagaland, Delhi, Kerala, Pondicherry, Andaman & Nocobar Islands, Tamil Nadu, Chandigarh and Mizoram have already achieved goals set for the year 2010 and States/UTs like Manipur, Daman & Diu, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim, West Bengal, Maharashtra, Punjab, Arunachal Pradesh and Lakshadweep are close to achieving the goals. However, other States are lagging behind primarily on account of slow achievements of socio-economic indicators.

National Family Welfare Programme continues to be a Centrally-sponsored programme. Assistance given to States has nearly doubled over the last five years for maintenance of family welfare infrastructural units, supply of drugs, contraceptives and extending maternal and child health care services. The States, which show better performance in family welfare, receive higher allocations in the budget depending on the performance particularly in respect of supply of contraceptives, compensation for sterilizations/IUD insertion and area specific programmes.

Cases of mouth cancer by tobacco and gutkha

†569. SHRI KRIPAL PARMAR: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the increasing number of cases of mouth cancer and the use of tobacco and gutkha in particular which is one of the main reasons therefor;

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.